



Reducing or Discontinuing Income Compensation – Worker not Residing in WA

The WCIMA23 provides for the suspension (rather than cessation, as in the 1981 Act) of income compensation payments to a worker not residing in WA if the worker fails to provide a required declaration about their incapacity at the prescribed intervals.

Key Points

Act ref: s. 65

- The WCIMA23 replicates the 1981 Act requirement for a worker who is not residing in WA to provide a declaration about their incapacity for work to the relevant insurer or self-insurer at prescribed intervals (the regulations will likely require the same 3 monthly declaration as the 1981 Act and regulations).
- Unlike the 1981 Act, the entitlement will not cease if a worker fails to provide the declaration in time. Instead, the WCIMA23 sets out a process by which an insurer or self-insurer may suspend income compensation payments.
- Before taking any action, the WCIMA23
 requires an insurer or self-insurer to give
 the worker a written warning notice
 reminding the worker of their obligations to
 provide the required declaration before the
 due date. The notice must also warn the
 worker that the payment of income
 compensation will be suspended from a
 specified date if the worker fails to provide
 the declaration.
- The warning notice cannot be issued to a worker earlier than 14 days before the last day the worker has to provide the declaration.
- The date specified as the suspension date must be at least 14 days after the warning notice is given to the worker and cannot be earlier than the last day the worker must provide the declaration.

Key Points

- Payment of income compensation will be suspended from the specified date until the worker provides the required declaration to the insurer or self-insurer.
- The worker's entitlement does not cease and income compensation payments must recommence from the date the worker provides the required declaration.

Questions & Answers

Q. If a worker believes income compensation payments were not lawfully suspended what can they do?

A. A worker may apply to have the matter determined as a dispute. An arbitrator can make any order the arbitrator considers appropriate in the circumstances.